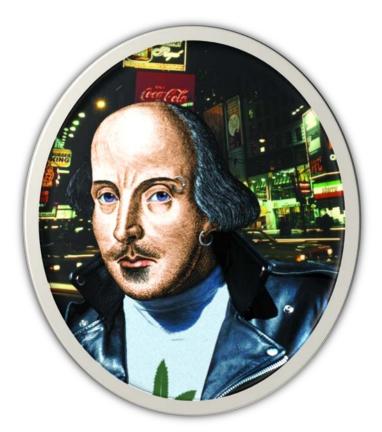
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Richard Ill

Richard, Duke of Gloucester, Act 1.1

GENERAL EDITOR: John Nobody 1/17/2017



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GUIDE TO NO.2 'OBERVATION' SCRIPTS DIFFERENCE BETWEEN NO.1 AND NO.2 SCRIPTS No.1 'Standard' theatre script has six performance features built in that are retained in no.2 & 3 theatre scripts as well as the ePlay: ✓ To make the shape of speeches more readily discernible o an exploded 'pie-chart' text o underlining of last line or half-line of a verse sentence ✓ The 'grave' accent to show metricaly sounded -èd verb endings ✓ Basic elision i.e. '*desp'rate*' for 'desperate', '*sue'd*' for sued \checkmark An $^{\times}$ at the end of a verse line to alert you to a note about scansion and elision in the corresponding ePlay resource \checkmark The symbol ^o to alert you to a note about text, lineation, stage direction or speech header in the ePlay No.2 'Observation' theatre scripts (both A4 and A3 versions) have the following *additional* performance information built in: \checkmark Verse line syllable count ^{11, 12, etc} (note: to avoid clutter regular lines of 10 are not shown – interest lies in deviations from the norm) ✓ Idenfication of epic caesuras $^{7e > 8, 5e > 6}$ ✓ To indicate a missing foot / possible pause, an inverted triangle between text > xxxxx **v** xxxxx ✓ The abbreviation *Rh*! in the margin to alert you to a *Rh*yme \checkmark Based on metrical rules applied to each individual verse line: • More challenging elisions, i.e. virtuous [*VIRt-chus*] • Possible expansions, i.e. for 'ocean' > o-ce-an [O-ce-an] • Pronunciation issues, i.e. [can-NOT] in one line but [CAN*not*] in another. Ditto [*AL-lies*] and [*al-LIES*] • The poet's accent for placement of stress, i.e. **á**dversary [AD-ver-s'-ry] (USA) as opposed to [ad-VER-sa-ry] (UK) ✓ Major gear changes in mood, atttitude or argument marked by the symbol [™] (smaller, subtler ones analysed in the ePlay) ✓ Rhetorically dramatic line-endings marked by the abbreviation LE (Line Ending) and LEV (Line Ending Verb). Examples over page ✓ The abbreviation ∞ [FF] for false friends we have substituted and **[FF]** ^o for ones we haven't (none here but five in *Sir Thomas More* No. 2 A3 landscape DEMO). ✓ Performance observations by Versebuster (not shown here). For this A4 option observations are be sent to your inbox as a separate document. As shown in the Sir Thomas More A3 landscape DEMO, 'observations' sit side-by-side with the text. NB Glossary, annotations and a heap of additional performance information can be found in the ePlay. In no.3 script you'll find suggestions for phrasing.

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ACT 1 SCENE 1		NO OF LINES: 43	TIME ^(approx) : 2 min 35 sec		
 FEATURES ♦ Script links to a 800-page, easily 	A street n	ear the Tower of London		The symbol alerts you an important note in	
navigated, <i>e</i> Play resource packed with line-by-line <u>performance</u> information	A: Enter	RICHARD DUKE OF GLOUCESTER <i>alone</i>	[°] 1481 А.Д.	the <i>e</i> Play to do with text, lineation, Stage Direction or Speech Header.	
 Syllable count and elision already 	RICHARD			We compare five editions line by line and these can vary greatly	
done for you!	^{1:} Now is the winter of our discontent LE				
 Help in right margin with 		us summer by this sun of York, 11x	0	The ^x symbol	
unusual metrical pronunciations		louds that lour'd upon our House	E	alerts you a note in the <i>e</i> Play to do	
Plenty of white	^{4:} In the deep I	posom of the ocean buried. ¹¹		with scansion, elision and stress	
space to make your own notes	5			NB	
♦ Nice, easy-to-		brows bound with victorious wrea	ths,	You can do Shakespeare in	
read, large font		arms hung up for monuments,		any accent you like – you don't	
 Exploded text showing shape of 	^{7:} Our stern ala	arums chang'd to merry meetings,	11	need to be Sir John Gielgud.	
speech and main	^{8:} Our dreadful	marches to delightful measures.	11	What is important is to	
thoughts				convey truthfully Shakespeare's	
 Light, tripping, performance 	^{9:} Grim-visag'o	l War hath smooth'd his wrinkled f	ront,	intentions	
punctuation	^{10:} And now, ins	stead of mounting barbèd steeds		embedded in the stylised text!	
◆ Text is checked line-by-line	^{11:} To fright the souls of fearful ádvers'ries, ^x [AD-ver-s'ries] ⁰				
against five well-	^{12:} He capers n	imbly in a lady's chamber ¹¹		Line Ending >	
known editions to give you the most	^{13:} To the lasciv	ious pleasing of a lute. 11x		verse lines, often of incomplete	
inspired options, with further	n			sense, whose endings can	
choices listed in	^{14:} But I, that ar	n not shap'd for sportive tricks,		provide dramatic	
the <i>e</i> Play		court an am'rous looking-glass;*	(suspense with a top-up breath	
 Comprehensive stage directions 		lely stamp'd and want love's majes		here rather than running on –	
with additional suggestions in		bre a wanton ambling nymph;	· /	check out (1), (3), (22) & next page	
ePlay	^{18:} I that am cúr	tail'd of this fair proportion, ¹¹	[CUF	R-tail'd]	
SAVE MONEY! ◆ The A4 script	^{19:} Cheated of f	eature by dissembling Nature, 11		In line with the established	
prints great just in B&W. Both	^{20:} Deform'd, ur	nfinish'd, sent before my time		principles of	
individual speech	^{21:} Into this brea	athing world scarce half made up-	-	scansion, shaded vowels – <i>see</i> io	
and full-play theatre scripts also	^{22:} And that so	amely and unfashionable 11		(2), (5) & $(13) -$ alert you they	
print well double- sided. Make sure	^{23:} That dogs ba	ark at me as I halt by them—		can be elided, dropped, or just	
to use 'standard office' 70gsm paper or thicker	combined with g	been designed to accommodate a decent nur generous line spacing and generous white spa or your own. If the page gets messy, just prin	ce all round for	left as they are. <i>Re</i> (11), (18) & (27) <i>see over</i>	

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GENERAL EDITOR: JOHN NOBODY

NO.2 OBSERV'NS _SPEECH 1/27 Richard III ['R3'] - RICHARD, DUKE OF GLOUCESTER

Λст 1	SCENE 1 NO OF LINES: 43 TIME (appro	ME ^(approx) : 2 min 35 sec	
	SCENE I INO OF LINES, 45 TIME	. 2 11111 33 386	
[×] In the <i>e</i> Play you'll find a note that one famous edition (out of the five we compare) thinks that	 ^{24:} Why, I in this weak-piping time of peace LE ^{25:} Have no delight to pass away the time LE ^{26:} Unless to see my shadow in the sun ° 	• In the <i>e</i> Play you'll find a note that some editions have 'spy' for 'see' (26). Which do you prefer?	
'determined'	^{27:} <u>And déscant on mine own deformity !</u>	DES-canf]	
(30) should be 3 sybs not 4 ['de- ter-mi-ned'] as the others score it. Will you find their reason convincing?	 ^{28:} And therefore, since I cannot prove a lover ¹¹_{LE} ^{29:} To entertain these fair well-spoken days, ^{30:} I am determined to prove a villain ^{11x} ^{31:} And hate the idle pleasures of these days. 	⁹⁻¹⁰ It is quite common to find in Shakespeare's dramatic verse (rather than his poems) words that, <i>technically</i> , need to be	
We also offer a SUGGESTED PHRASING script (<i>see No.3</i> <i>DEMO</i>) that shows hidden caesuras (mini- sense breaks) // . Mostly after nouns and strong verbs, they act rather like supports for a	 ^{32:} Plots have I laid, inductions dan-ge-rous, ⁹⁻¹⁰ ^{33:} By drunken prophecies, libels, and dreams, ^{34:} To set my brother Clarence and the King LE ^{35:} In deadly hate, the one against the other; ¹¹ ^{36:} And if King Edward be as true and just LE ^{37:} As I am subtle, false, and trea-che-rous, ⁹⁻¹⁰ ^{38:} This day should Clarence closely be mew'd up ^x 	elongated or given at least given their full syllabic value, otherwise the line will be short – see (32) & (37). We invite you to follow or to ignore. We call it 'ACT' > 'According To Taste'	
washing-line	^{39:} About a prophecy which says that 'G' LE	Rh!	
sagging with wet clothes – see example we slipped in at (40)	^{40:} Of Edward's heirs // the murderer shall be.	<i>Rh!</i> To speed you on your way, we mark all <i>Rhymes</i>	
<u>Underlining</u>	in the text. Okay, some are easy to spot like (39) & (40). But how		
Underlining is a great visual tool for helping to instantly recognise the shape of thoughts, whether one line or 20. The underlining is	 ⁴¹: Dive Thoughts, down to my soul ; <u>here Clarence comes.</u> ⁴²: <u>Brother, good day !</u> ⁴ ° ⁴²: ¹⁰ What means this armèd guard ⁴³: <u>That waits upon your Grace?</u> ^{6a} 	about 'gone' and son'? Or 'war' and 'are', or 'love' and 'prove'? They used to rhyme before the 'Great Vowel Shift' (<i>see</i> <i>our website</i>).	
underlining is also your target – don't run out of puff getting there as the last line often contains the thrust or conclusion of what preceded it! <i>Check out</i> (4), (8), (13), (27), (31) & (40)	Continued from previous page (bottom right) Notice the metrically correct pronunciations given to the right of lines (11) [AD-ver-s'ries], (18) [CUR-tail'd], (27) [DES-cant]. While it wouldn't bother a teenage audience if these were overlooked, more sophisticated audiences might be disappointed – it would be like hearing a bum note. It signals amateurishness. Like opera buffs, a lot of people (and critics) know their Shakespeare – never underestimate them!	You can ignore them but not the intent <i>behind</i> them. Remember Shakespeare's rhyme is not there just to be cute; it has a variety of acting functions. Check the <i>e</i> Play and then <i>ACT</i> !	